volume vi

NORWAY, MAINE, TUESDAY, JULY 28, 1829.

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THE OBSERVER

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THE REFLECTOR.

SATURDAY EVENING.

This important period is a season for ted, and propagated. thought, amendatory reflection. The turmoil and bustle of the week; the toils and cares of business are brought to a pause. The mind is released, as it were, from its strong and tiring hold upon the world, and bas a season to look within himself, arrange its disordered garniture, and stretch itself in nourishing repose. The cares of the world are seen from a distance, and the mind pleases itself with the comfortable anticipation of a brief retirement.

We may reflect that in the week that is gone, the week that is past with the returnless ages of the flood, whether we have "done those things which we ought to have done;" whether we have not left undone those things which we ought to have done, would have brought us a store of pleasant thoughts, the approbation of conscience, and the grati tude of the sons of men. We may reflect that so many times have we seen the sun come from his habitation o clouds, go through all the latitude of the world above, and sink away, peacefully and smiling with the consciousness of having done his perfect work, into the western seas. We muy have seen sorrow, want, and missery; and have we relieved it? Have we opened our store, that "rivers of oil" might flow into the mourning hearts of those who are quailing beneath the blanch of misfortune? Have we lifted our hand, knowing that a scanty exertion, scanty on our part, might prove a powerful aid to the sorrowing? Have we moved one step from our pathway of pleasure, that those who were feebling might walk therein? If we have, then may we take all these things into the good account, and deem that we have not lived in vain. And to attain this blessed approbation of conscience, should be the incessant aim of our lives. One evening of inward peace, is worth ages of guilt and conflict. We may awaken the admiration, and excite the envy of a short sighted world, and amid the din of popular glory, awhile forget we are still under the reign of that inward monitor, which ceases its influence but with death. We may, in the navy atmosphere of business, awhile forget our misdeeds, and the wrongs and ills we may have inflicted; but they will return at a time like this. We are constrained to put away thoughts of the world; and to the vacancy, conscience, like a stern friend, will come in. The deeds of the week are written, either in sunlight or blood, around the habitation of the soul; and as the good or bad preponderate, so are our emotions. If there is a balance of good, sufficient to throw a hiding gleam over those failings which are almost necessarily incident to us as mertals, then, indeed, may we enjoy that rich and nourishing calm which incites the spirit to a continuance in the path of virtue, and slumber in a "peace that passeth all understanding."

KNOWLEDGE OF THE DEITY.

virtue, consolation, and happiness. Na- ly that it resembles the winding of a ture and providence continually speak distant horn; and then, in the momento me of God. I desire to postrate my- tary intervales, the bursting of the thouself before the brightness of his glory sand tiny bubbles comes stealthily on at every rising sun, to adore the riches your ear, more like the recollection of of his bounty in every noon-tide blaze, a sound than a distinct murmur. and to hold communion with him in the solitude and stillness of a brilliant night. when myriads of stars and suns light up | Turin, informed you of our arrival there | days, it had witnessed the triumph of a the arch of heaven, and display the im- in safety and health. True, we had Doria, and had cultivated the youthful mensity and unutterable magnificence of his dominion. Amidst the desolations of winter I would adore with silent awe, rendered that once formidable barrier upon its lofty Pharos glimmered like a who is willing to work need be withgers and the clouds his chariot, and displays his terrors in the deep murmurs nothing particularly worthy of atten- At last upon turning the promontory on of work, except perhaps for a few prove and disapprove, what you shall spring and the first ripe sheaves of autumn.

vision cannot grasp the sublime purpoyet always confide in him as your father | non was delightful. About noon of the

and with reverential joy exult, in his reached in about two hours the summit Is published every Tuesday morning, at two universal dominion. He will presently of the Appenines. The day, which in dollars per annum, subject to a deduction dispel all darkness, resolve all perplexities commencement had been lowering, of twenty-five cents, to all who pay cash ty, extinguish all apparent evil. He had now cleared up. The sun rejoicing will cause error, and folly, and sin to in his strength, had rolled away the flee away; and truth, wisdom and vir- mists from the mountain tops, and lighttue, to flourish in eternal triumph. For ed up all nature with a congenial gladfect equity; the guide of his counsels a view of the sea from the summit, I spirit. is wisdom without po-sibility of error; had not patience to await the slow the spring of his exertions is his own movement of the carriage, but walked can put on a new coat and strut up the beauty of its appearance. unchangeable and inexhaustable good on before. On reaching the highest ness; and the only object of all his point of the road, I was ready to cry works and ways is the production of the out like the harrassed ten thousand. highest possible degree of good, and "the sea, the sea," That broad and intended for the Observer, must be addressed | consequently of felicity, throughout his noble element indeed lay before me, boundless universe. Colman.

> strict or liberal import; but in the tem- twenty miles off, its waves shone like a is noble within, and decent without; in time to save him from this horrible per of heart with which they are adop- mirror between the opening ridges of his greatnes lies in his breast, and he death by the interference of strans Dr. Beecher.

Miscellany.

ELEGANT EXTRACT.

The following extract from Willis' Monthly Magazine is very beautiful. -In these days of common-place writing, says the Boston Journal, such a passage is almost enough to redeem a whole book.

There is no sound of simple nature that is not music. It is all God's work, and so harmony. You mingle and divide and strengthen the passages of its great anthem and it is still melodyand bring their voices to your ear as it their sweetness was linked by an accu rate finger; yet the wind is but a fittul player; and you may go out when the tempest is up, and hear the strong trees moaning as they lean before it, and the long grass hissing as it sweeps through, and its own solemn monotony over all, and the dimple of that same brook, and the waterfalls's unaltered bass shall still reach you in the intervals of its power, as much in harmony as before, and as much a part of its perfect and perpetu al hymn. There is no accident of nature's causing, which can bring in discord. The loosened rock may fall into the abyss, and the overblown tree rush down through the trenches of the wood, and the thunder peal awfully in the sky: taste, still adds to the romantic scenery and sudden and violent as these changes I have heard the Italians accused of laseem, their tumult goes up with the ziness. I have myself seen them in sound of winds and waters, and the exquisite ear of the musician, can detect

Nature seems never so utterly still to me as the depth of a summer afternoon. The heat has driven in the brids, every inch of apparently practicable and the leaves hang motionless in the trees, and no creature has the heart, in that faint sultriness, to utter a sound — The snake sleeps on the rock, the trog trees, and the stony bed of the river lies breathing in the pool, and even the murmur that is heard at night is inaudi- in little patches with the pebbles gathble, for the herbage droops beneath the ered in the operation. sun, and the seed has no strength to

ture's most various and delicate harmo- him a golden atmosphere which steamed nies, he down in the edge of the wood softly up the valley, and relieved in when the evening breeze begins to stir, yellow light the blue outlines of the and listen to its coming. It touches first mountains. The "drowsy tinklings" of the silver foilage of the birch, and the the mule bells came faintly on the ear. slightly hung leaves, at its merest breath, The more deep and sonorous tones of will lift and rustle like a thousand tiny the convent bells tolling for vespers, wings, and then it creeps up to the tall broke upon the listening silence, and like a low whisper, and as the oak feels floated along the stream, or were reits influence, the thick leaves stir heavi- verberated from the surrounding hills. They are all wind harps of different cheerfully homeward with his burden, power, and as the breeze strengthens or hastened alertly to his evening devoand sweeps equally over them all, their tions. All was soft and beautiful and

lake in a smart shower? It is like the shone upon the landscape as we ap-Let me not complain of the imperfec- playing of musical glasses. The drops

and magnificent ampitheatre. This bril- rier and, amphitheatre of lights arose liant scenery I saw in all its varieties-Though clouds and darkness are at day break and sunrise, beneath the as Genoa the Proud .-- Letters from Euround about his throne, and your limited splender of noonday, and colored by the rope. softer glories of sunset. The concluses and measures of his government; sion of our journey from Turin to Ge-

the open path which in a few short weeks might conduct me safely to my Charity does not consist in creeds of own distant home. Though nearly the Appenines. In descending into the is not over anxious to show it to othvalley of the Poluvera by traverses cut ers; he walks straight forward; led in the sides of the mountain, we enter- by his own principles rather than by ed almost at once into quite a different the opinion of others, and notwithregion. The snow, which had accom- standing the current of opposition, panied us all the way from Turin, had which may flow in from different sourwith verdore, - the early flowers of spring began to show their heads,and a milder atmosphere breathed from the genial south. The valley itself is but when his most sacred rights are more beautiful than tongue can describe. invaded by the insufferable vanity in one place a line of mules creeping slowly up the mountain's side, --in anhar costume of their country; red caps, of his country, his family, or his appointed Post Master. short jackets, small clothes and long friends. humid bottoms-with here and there a priest in flowing garmets, or a female decked in red, the favorite color, which though not calculated to satisfy good rejoice. crowds lounging unemployed and sonvillages. But if such be their national characteristic, this valley at least forms a striking exception. Here not only ground is sedulously cuitivated, but the steep sides of the mountains are covered with regular orchards of chesnut is actually cleared for use, and walled

united harmony has a wonderful gran- calm, suited to the hour when the sun himself, his daily labor done, appears to Were you ever out a fishing upon a sink into the arms of rest. A light Egypt, of Greece, of Carthage and of Rome. It had seen the shock of hostile navies, and sustained for ages the rich Genoa .- My last hasty note, dated at burden of eastern commerce. In later before me, which I recognised at once

Great Business .- The whole amount received for publishing the laws of the of all his creatures. Humbly acquiesce, from whence, by a gradual ascent, we sixty-five dollars to each publisher.

INWARD GREATNESS.

exhibit a boldness on every trifling occasion; he is generally moderate

with a mighty important air, and puff out a few fashionable words with a most admirable greatness, is looked up to by the most weak minded persons and thought to be a noble man of consequence and a truly bold felces to thwart his ways he still pursues his course with steady perseverance. He will bear injuries with patience, melody. The low winds of summer induence on my mind I must ever de- but when they come near and duty rying the wrong persons." spair of communicating to another: calls him to action, he goes forward A new Post Office has recently been especially do I feel this diffidence when undaunted by fear, which finds no established in the eastern part of

> coat arranged in careless folds over the ers his advantages over them with re- Capt. Hopkins, which arrived at Trure shoulder-here a solitary individual spect to possessions of property or on Sunday last, drew up a fish, while at opening the earth, a sign so grateful of knowledge, but endeavors to bring his the banks, having in its maw, six half returning spring-there another enga- feelings down to a coincidence with dollars.-Barnstable Gazette. ged in prunning, vines, or cutting the those of the company which he is in; that he may be suitably prepared to relieve the burdens of the distressed, and to heighten the joys of those who CINCINNATUS.

DEFERRED NEWS.

ernment and the people, rich and poor, then take a longer or shorter respite from their cares and labors. The last day of the old year is an anxious time to all debtors and credtheir desperate creditors.

taking vengeance upon poor debtors as that which prevails in Civilized countries .- Boston Courier.

Chinese Theatre Burnt, with the Loss cessive periods, and letting off rockets. The second drum, and a large death of upwards of sixty persons.

Operatives .- It is sufficient refutation of the prodigious stories that have circulated in reference to the effect of failures upon laborers in this crossed the Alps in the midst of win- skill of a Columbus, whose native city vicinity, to state the fact that wages ter; but the genius of Napolean has was now at length at hand. The light have not fallen, and that no person passable with little difficulty at all sea- star far above the horizon, and its long out employment. Instead of "2500" sons of the year. Turin presented suburb lay before me, in itself a city. not 200 persons have been deprived peace," and what measure you must apand darkness of the storm. I would toon except the surrounding Alps, which, which the light house is situated, and days. The papers abroad circulate and what you shall not say, and what with the plain of Piedmont, torm a vast entering at that point the external bar- all the exagerated statements of fictitious distress, but do not give any contradiction. It is more than a week since there has been any failure in this quarter .- R. I. American.

and friend, and as the father and friend its last day, we had arrived at Roven, United States the last year, amounts to Joseph Brown, a mason of Boston, once succeed to the utmost of their wishhas invented a cement for the outside es, let the State be organized with their

of buildings, which is a very good im-A man of true courage, does not itation of marble. It is said to resist moisture, smoke, and climate. In the interior of houses it precludes the and calm; and his appearance is necessity of oil painting, as it bears such as the vain and undiscerning of washing as well as natural marble. the measure of his dispensation is per ness. Being apprised that I should have all classes would mistake for want of We have seen several houses covered with this cement, and we think a The shallow minded dandy, who stranger might easily be deceived by

> A man and his wife were commits ted to prison in Albany last week for attempting to kill their son, a young lad, by hanging him. The mother had placed a rope round his neck; and suspended him, till he was black low indeed; but the truly great man, in the face. He was relieved, just gers.—Bost. Cour.

> > A novel mode of celebrating the Aniversary of Independence was as dopted at Peterborough, N. H. on the 4th inst. The Ladies gave the Gentlemen a Dinner! Let this plan generally prevail, and it will not be found so difficult as it is at present to muster a Dinner Party! - Salem Reg.

A Cincinnati paper states that there Its ever varied mountains-its murmur- and impudence of others, his feelings are 30 divorce cases before the Suing stream-its pleasant villas-its high are roused to an honest indignation preme Court of Ohio, for one county, seated churches-its picturesque villa- against the offender. He views dan- Hamilton. They are denominated ges placed by the river's side or on some gers while at a distance with a moder- "applications to the Court to correct lefty knoll, constituted a scene whose are degree of fear and apprehension, the mistakes made by parties in mar-

entrance into his noble bosom. His Sedgwick, in the County of Hancock, life is as a bubble to him when duty by the name of Sedgwick Bay Post other a groupe of peasants in the pecu- calls him to expose it for the safety Office, and Nath'l Allen, 2d has been

Fish Paying Tribute Money .- One of gaiters, with, perhaps, a coat or great | He is careful not to exhibit to oth- the men on board the schooner Blank,

POLITICAL.

From the Portland Advertiser. TO THE PEOPLE OF MAINE. FELLOW-CITIZENS:

I write not for fame or for profit, but from a strong conviction of duty. I hold no office, and wish for none. My cir-NEW YEAR IN CHINA. According cumstances are easy, but not affluent ning themselves in the streets of the to the Canton Register, the Chinese and I am content with the situation make the new year commence on the which a kind Providence has allotted new moon, nearest to the time, when me. I love my country and her politis the sun is in the fifteenth degree of cal institutions, and are anxious that they Aquarius. It is the greatest festival should be preserved and transmitted to observed in the empire. The gov- posterity in all their native purity. It is with regret and lamentation that I witness an attempt to disfigure, and deform if not to destroy them. We resisted the acts of the British Parliament, because they attempted to tax us without our cons sent. Tyranny in many is as odious and Beautiful as the scenery had been be- itors, for it is a great pay day, and oppressive in a few. Aristocracy is as burst its covering. The world is still, fore, at the close of day it became still those who cannot pay are abused and insufferable as depotism. If bread is more enchanting. The sun had sunk insulted, often having the furniture of taken from the mouth of the laborer, it But if you would hear one of na- beyond the Appenines, leaving behind their houses smashed to pieces by makes no difference, with the hand that earned it, whether it is done by a single This is almost as useless a mode of tyrant or a host of tyrants. The great fundamental principle on which your government was established is violated every day. And a most formidable effort is now making to destroy it. Not to expunge it from your constitution, but fir and the fine tassels send out a sound mugling together in harmonious discord of Sixty Lives. A short time since, The principle is this, that "the sovers says the Canton Register, of Dec. eignty is in the people." The people esly, and a deep tone comes sullenly out The priest paused to speak with the at- gious drama was to be performed in benefit, and it is their right and their like the echo of a far off bassoon.— tentive villagers, the peasant trudged honor of one of the idols of the land, duty to control ther own officers. When and an immense crowd of women and this cases to be the case, we may indeed children were assembled to be spec- conunue to have a republican governtators. It is usual to announce the ment in form, but we shall have a desplay by beating a drum, at three suc- polism in fact. The officers of your State and National Governments have continued to rule you, and to control proached the sea. We heard before, rocket proclaimed the near approach hand. It is a contest between the officetions of my knowledge of the Deity, ring out with a clear bell-like tinkle, for the second time we saw, the waves of the performance; but the rocket holders and the people, between aristocof the Mediteranean. As we rode along fell on the leaf covered stand which racy and democracy, between freedom its shore, my excited imagination could contained the women and children, and slavery. Are you willing that an not but recall the scenes of which that set it on fire, and burnt it to the aristocracy of office holders should bind sea had been the witness. It had borne ground, occasioning the melancholy you hand and foot, and rivet the chains upon you? Are you willing to relinquish the freedom of speech and of action? Are you willing to relinquish the distinguished privileges for which your fathers fought and bled and died? If you are not, guard against this insidious attempt to invade your rights.

Does not this aristocracy attempt to dictate to you whom you shall elect and whom you shall not elect, " with whom you shall do and what you shall not do? Is it not a principle with them to pounce upon every man, with a determination to destroy him, who will not subscribe to their creed and obey their mandates? If this is true and I appeal to your own observation if it is not, is it not tyranny

committees, let every man's name be ministration is gaining ground in this opes that region. Malta is the Island called in written in a book, who will be so much quarter, TRUTH obliges us to declare that the last chapter of Acts, Melita, and is the of a slave as to sell himself to this junto this is not the fact. It is notorious, and place where the Apostle Paul, driven by the and where then will be your boasted we appeal for proof to every one acquain- tempest, called Euroclydon, was shipwrecked freedom of election? Think you, against ted with the state of parties here, that He has stood on the very spot where Paul stood such a combination, it will be of any the conduct of certain men who have when, together with the whole ship' avail to reason? When things come to unworthily erept into the favor of the crew, some on "boards and some on broker this, will it be of any use to discuss government, has inspired the community pieces of the ship," he had come safe to land the merits of men who are candidates with such downright disgust, that the He had been where the inhabitants of the Isfor office; Will these hirelings who Jackson party—and we lament the nehave thus sold their birthright, ever in- cessity which compels us to say it—has quire, whether a man is honest, or capa- dwindled within the last six months to ble, or faithful to the Constitution? No: amere skeleton. We are perfectly aware they have given up the privilege of that it is a part of the policy of these thinking and acting for themselves, and men-and they have organized a regular have become the miserable tools of self- system of manœuvring by letters, and by ish and designing men. With such tools | hired puffs, for this purpose—to keep the they may perpetuate their power, fix friends of the administration at the seat their own emoluments, and destroy your of Government, entirely in the dark, reliberties. If you employ men to do specting their own standing in this com- minds of the assembly, The Rev. Mr. Hurdyour business, should you not have some munity. Every individual, at all con- of Fryeburg and the Rev. Mr. Merrill of Norvoice in fixing their pay, or will you per- versant with the present condition of way, also made interesting addresses on the mit them to make both sides of the bar- parties in this city, knows it to be a degain? If you permit these office hold- monstrable truth, that where 1000 voters ers not only to designate your candidates could be brought to the polls six months for the Legislature, but by their combi- ago, not half the number could be mus- types for our paper; not however, in season nation and party machinery to elect them, tered on any question in favor of the ad- for but a part of the inside of this number. will they not indirectly fix their own pay? ministration. And what is the cause? In future we shall improve the appearance o Do you believe that Senators and Rep- It is the tyranical, treacherous, intole- our paper by the use of our new types.—We resentatives elected in this way will act rant and selfish conduct of individuals feel under obligation to the public for the patwith independence and for the interest who have acquired place and conseof the people? Or will they act as these quence by chance, and are abusing with office holders shall prescribe? How has a high hand the advantages which have been the fact? The Sheriffs have heretofore had a commanding and overwhel-been confided to their direction. But ming influence at our elections. For more of this anon." years, the people have been calling for a reduction of their pay. It was not effectual till the last year, when we had an independent legislature chosen by the free suffrages of the people. It was not unusual before that to have four Sheriffs at a time in attendance upon the Legislature, urging upon the members, not the justice, but the importance from party considerations, of keeping up their are requested to meet at the dwelling house of pay. No wonder that many who had DAVID NOVES, Esq., on Saturday next, at three acted with them were disgusted, and o'clock, F. M., to elect delegates to the Counchose to retire from such corruption.— Cast your eyes over the names of the delegates at the Jackson Conventions at Augusta and Alfred, and see what a conspicuous figure these Sheriffs and their Deputies make. Can a doubt be entertained that their object is to elect a legislature which will put up their pay to what it was? Why are the Ex-counsellors also so busy on these occasions? It is a fact that the last Council cost this State SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS MORE than the present Council will cost. They not only had more sessions than were necessary, but taxed for travel which they never performed, and for attendance after their time of service had expired. And let those who have seen their register, and know how deficient their records are, and for how much the late Secretary of State is a DEFAULTER, judge, whether the manner in which they did the public business entitle them to extra pay. Mr. Pillsbury who taxed travel to Eastport, which he did not perform, amounting to about sixty dollars, was not a stranger to them. They elected him with their eyes open. The subject of the Passamaquoddy Bank, with which he was connected, was investigated by the Legislature, the year before, and referred to the Attorney General, to be laid before the grand jury. The facts | Carpenter is possessed of no qualifications or must be fresh in the minds of the public. merit which entitle him to the office. This is a becoming zeal. The qualifications of candi-The subject has never been cleared up an instance of "Reform," which will show esto the satisfaction of any one. And it is pecially to the Jackson men of Oxford, what believed that it cannot be. Yet, with | signification is to be attached to the word when this dark cloud hanging over his reputa- used in the Jackson vocabulary. No appointtion, the Jackson party elected him to ment after this can excite astonishment. the important office of advising the Governor. This shows the length to which they are willing to go for party purposes.

This is not all. A swarm of United States officers are hovering upon us like the locusts of Egypt, commanding us to follows, viz: surrender to the Chieftain. No matter Williams, how mucl: he has trifled with our feelings and disregarded our interests, and constitutional rights, we must surrender. Even the tribunal of justice must be invaded, and our judges instead of main-licans.—In remarking on the result of this electaining that high ground, "where no fear can intimidate, or hope seduce them," must be prostrated at the feet of faction. Is this fancy or is it fact? Is it not a contest for principle; the office holders on one side, the people on the other? They claim to be republicans, but from such republicanism, may God in mercy, delivier our State and Country.

AN OXEORD FARMER.

JACKSONISM IN MASSACHUSETTS.

The annexed paragraph is taken from the inst, a well known Jackson paper. The article from which is extracted relates to a letter published in a Washington Telgraph, and is altogether a precious document, but too long to Attorney and the Posmaster of Boston, to which the Bulletin replies—that "no individuimpartial citizen of the place." The following extract is of a more general character, and shows the beauties of 'reform' in a striking light. Coming from such a source, no doubt can be entertained of the truth of the picture. [Saco Palladium.]

"Our State," proceeds the writer, "is rapidly emerging from that political darkness in which she has been envelo-

-temporarily, we trust in heaven!-

OXFORD OBSERVER.

NORWAY, TUESDAY, JULY 28, 1829.

CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR. JONATHAN G. HUNTON.

NOTICE. The National Republican citizens of Norway

ty Convention, to be holden in this village on the 5th of August.

CENATIONAL REPUBLICAN MEETING.

The National Republicans in the Towns and Plantations in the County of Oxford, are requested to send Delegates to meet in Convention at the Meeting-House, in Norway Village, on Wednesday the fifth day of August next, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon, for the purpose of selecting candidates for the Senate of Maine, to be supported at the approaching election. Each town is requested to elect two delegates, and each plantation one.

July 4, 1829. JOSHUA CARPENTER.

We notice in the papers of the day, that, in the progress of "Jackson Reform," Joshua Carpenter, lately of Paris, in this County, now of Howland, in the County of Penobscot, has been appointed Collector of the port of Castine vice Samuel K. Gilman, Esq. removed. Mr. Gilman is a very capable and well endowed man for the office—has always been a decided Republican, and was appointed by President Adams on the recommendation of distinguished individuals of the Republican party. Joshua ed to insert well written communications tend- utes ensued, supported by two young

KENNEBEC ELECTION.

The Kennebec Journal gives the result of the election on the 20th instant, of Represen. tative to Congress in all but three towns, as

Evans, Scattering, 2531. 101

The towns to be heard from are small and will not essentially vary Mr. Eyan's majority. Williams and Evans are both National Repubtion the Journal, ever true to Republicanism, holds the following cheering language:-

"The election for Representative having terminated, it is now time to be preparing for the annual September election, in good earnest. Of one fact there can be no doubt—the Jackson party is in a very small minority in this county, and Mr. Hunton will have 1500 or 2000 majority in Kennebec-perhaps more if there is a full meeting, as we hope there will be. Those who have been among columns of the Boston Bulletin of Friday 17th the people at the late canvass, agree in saying that the seal of reprobation has been stamped broadly and heavily upon General Jackson's measures, his pensionbe inserted entire in our paper. The letter ed editors, his party proscriptions, and writer, among other things, speaks of the great his mock reforms; and the people are popularity of the new Collector, the District determined that his greedy and insatiate determined that his greedy and insatiate partisans shall not control the affairs of als are more obnoxious to every honorable and this Yankee State. But though their numbers are small in Kennebec, they are indefatigable, and will carry their points, by hook or by crook, unless they are well watched.

OXFORD FOREIGN MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

A special meeting of the Oxford Foreign Missionary Society was holden at the Rev'd self off for a friend of General Jackson, dress communicated many important facts rel- office.—Saco Pal.

State, county, town and school district means to assert that the cause of the ad- ative to the gross moral darkness that envelland kindled a fire to warm the suffering mari ners, and where Paul gathered the bundle o sticks and cast on the fire, out of which came a viper, and fastened on his hand.

This place he described as being covered with ignorance and moral pollution, a land of idolatry and superstition.—A powerful appeal in favor of the missionary cause was made, and a deep impression of its importance fixed on the

We have received from Boston, a new set o ronage we have received, and tender assurance that nothing shall be wanting on our part to render our paper acceptable.

Our neighbor, the Editor of the Jeffersonia is much tickled to think that he has discovered a palpable inconsistency in certain newspaper in this atate, for censuring the Governor's ap pointment of the 20th instant, for the choice of a Representative to Congress from Kenne bec District, and commending the Council for the disapprobation of what they have solemn ly approved, having confirmed the appointment (though all opposed to it) while acting under oath." If Mr. Cole had taken the trouble to was passed Feb. 8th, 1823, he would have perses of this kind, is vested in the Governor, and saved himself the labor of writing his essay, not obliged to conform to it. It was a concern completely within the control of the Governor, not by law required. They could not, if they would, have negatived and made void the appointment. It was well known that the Governor, last winter asked the advice of his Council in regard to the day appointed for the first election in the Kennebec District, and that they all advised to the appointment of the 27th of April, and he afterwards, against that advice, appointed the sixth of April. The Governor is very fond of shewing an ostentatious independence, and it is not unusual for him to boast of it. See his reply in the Kennebec papers to a question asked by Mr. Severance relating to this matter.

-···e@9···· TO CORRESPONDENTS.

The season has arrived when attention mus our columns will be open and we shall be pleas. agent, a profound silence of many mining to enlighten the people or to excite in them | men, and spoke as follows: dates or the soundness of measures may be discussed, through our paper, freely and fully; says he loves his red children. we however hope that no provocation, will induce any correspondent to disregard for a moment those rules of decorum always obligatory on him, who would effectually defend our but a little man, and wore a red coat .political institutions.

communications are received, and shall appear in due time.

that any propositions have been made to teach Indians new things, and to to the British minister at Washington, make them happy. He said he loved to negotiate a commercial treaty having his red brothers; he was very kind. in view the repeal of the British corn laws and the reduction of the American tariff. Some persons consider the denisouthern politicians, and that Mr. M' Lane has been instruced on that topic. Kennebec Journal.

handsome majority in Wiscasset.—Ib.

AGRICULTURE.

sect is said to be doing unusual injury to | 'Get a little father: you are too near our wheat fields. Probably, most of me. our farmers are acquainted with its ap- Brothers! Our great father says that pearance at this season of the year. If where we now are, our white brothers not, pluck up some of the sickly shoots, have always claimed the land! He speaks the growth of the plant, and cause it to and I will pay you for it.' bend at the place, and finally to fall down fruitless.

this season of the year; but in the sea- the Oconee, the Oakmulgee; there is son of sowing, something may be done, a pleasant country, he also said 'it shall by choice of seed. The "Hessian be yours forever.' I have listened to his proof," raised in the region some twenty present talk. He says the land where years ago, was indeed proof against the you now live is not yours. Go beyond fly, yielded a tolerable crop; but of in- the Mississippi; there is game; and ferior quality. A kind of spring wheat, you may remain while the grass grows we think it is, of which a small quanti- or the waters run. ty was raised last year in Lyme and Brothers! Will not our great father Piermont, N. H., and which came ori- come there also? He loves his red ginally from a few heads, gathered children. He speaks with a straight thoughtlessly by a traveller in Spain, is tongue, and will not lie. said to be "Hessian proof." The same Brothers! Our great father says that readers are doubtless able to inform the dren. Yet where are the red men public. The "Virginia wheat," is not which he loves, once as numerous as absolutely "proof" against the insect, the leaves of the forest! how many but has suffered less than some other have been crushed beneath his own kinds; probably because it grows more footsteps? rapidly, and becomes rather too old for | Brothers! Our great father says we the insect, at the season when its great- must go beyond the Mississippi. We est ravages commence.

other a favor by communicating what We have felt it all before! they know on this subject. - Vermont Chronicle.

MILDEW CURABLE.—In vol. iv. p. and, after the attack, will speedily banish the pest.—Gardener's Magazine.

FEEDING COWS WITH CABBAGES .to the milk and butter.

INDIAN TALK.

The following Talk was delivered by Speckled Snake, a Creek warrior, said and warriors of the Creek nation, con-

Brothers! We have heard the talk of our great father; it is very kind; he

Brothers! I have listened to many talks from our great father. When he first came o'er the wide waters, he was Our chiefs met him on the banks of the TURSULA is informed that her poetical river Savannah and smoked with him the pipe of peace. He was then very little. His legs were cramped by sitting long in his big boat, and he begged for a little land to light his fire on. He The Washington Telegraph denies said he had come over the wide waters

Muscogees gave the white man land. and kindled him a fire, that he might warm himself, and when his enemies, al of the Telegraph evasive, and still the pale faces of the south, made war believe that General Jackson has had on him, their young men drew the tomsuch a scheme put into his head by ahawk, and protected his head from the scalping kuife. But when the white man had warmed himself before the Indian's fire, and filled himself with their hominy, he became very large. With The Jackson papers are pouring all a step he bestrode the mountains, and manner of abuse upon Mr. Hunton .- his feet covered the plain and the val-Some of them give him the nickname lies. His hands grasped the eastern of Spontoon, and all of them pretend and the western sea, and his head restthat Judge Smith is greatly his superior ed on the moon. Then he became our in every thing that is good. They con- great father. He loved his red children, tend that all who know both the men and he said 'Get a little father, lest I will acknowledge this. Mr. Hunton | tread on thee.' With one foot he pushlives in Readfield, Judge Smith in Wis- ed the red man over the Oconee, and casset. Now we can tell these editorial with the other he trampled down the gentlemen that Mr. Hunton will have graves of his fathers, and the forest a large majority in his own town, and where he had so long hunted the deer. we are well assured he will have a But our great father still loved his red children, and he soon made to them another talk. He said, 'Get a little father: We understand that a Jackson news- | you are too near me.' But there were paper is to be forthwith established in some bad men among the muscogees this place, for the political regeneration then as there are now. They lingered of York County. From the great pa- around the graves of their ancestors, have recently been made by the Collecrade made in the Eastern Argus of the till they were crushed beneath the tor of Niagara. Whiskey appears to be numbers attendant at the Alfred caucus, heavy tread of our great father. Their the chief article attempted to be run into ped, and will soon tower forth in all her Mr. Walker's meeting house in South Paris, on one would hardly suppose this measure teeth pierced his feet, and made him Canada. The editor adds that the tempnative splendor." If by this sentence, Friday last. The Rov'd Daniel Temple a mis- necessary. The paper is to be styled angry. Yet he continued to love his tation to smuggle on both sides is great, the correspondent of the Telegraph, who sionary recently returned from the Island of The Maine Democrat—the types and red children; and when he found them so much so, that the honest trader canit might be presumed, would pass him- Malta, was present, and in an interesting ad- printer to be supplied from the Argus too slow in moving, he sent his great not live, "he must smuggle himself in guns before him to sweep his path.

Brothers! I have listened to a great many talks from our great father. But HESSIAN FLY.—This destructive in- they always began and ended in this-

strip off the leaves, begining at the bot- with a straight tongue, and cannot lie. tom, so as to leave the stock bare, and But when he first came over the wide just above the second, third, or fourth waters, while he was yet small, and joint, you will find the insect, very stood before the great chief at the counmuch like a flax seed in its appearance; cil of Yamacraw Bluff, he said—'Give which if suffered to remain, will retard me a little land, which you can spare,

Brothers! When our great father made us a talk on a former occasion, We know no remedy for the evil at and said, 'Get a little father; go beyond

has been said of the "White Flint" our bad men have made his heart bleed, wheat, concerning which some of our for the murder of one of his white chil-

shall there be under his care, and expe-Farmers will do themselves and each rience his kindness. He is very good!

Brothers! I have done.

From the Richmond Enquirer.

ATROCIOUS MURDER.—On Monday look at our Statute Law upon this subject which | 281, there is an extract from Dr. Gre- night last, whilst William Bowyers was ville's Flora Edinensis, concerning mil- sitting at supper with his wife, his father ceived that the sole power of appointing in ca- dew, of which it is stated, that, "As its and brother, he was shot by one of his production is probably the result of a negroes, who, it seems, had secreted peculiar state of the atmosphere, there himself in the garden opposite the door, and the mortification of exposing his own igno- is little chance of any means being dis- at the distance of about 35 feet, for that rance. The Governor was under no obliga- covered for its prevention." This purpose. At the fire of the gun, he fell tion to ask the advice of his Council upon that | should not be allowed to pass unnoticed from his chair without speaking, and question, and if he did ask their advice he was in the Gardener's Magazine, because it remained stupid and insensible for nearis well known to every one acquainted ly 12 hours before he expired. Six newith practical gardening, that soap suds, groes have been examined and sent to and the official approbation of the Council was applied in time, will prevent the attack, jail; two or three of the principal actors in this horrid plot having, after there appeared strong testimony of their guilt, confessed the whole transaction. The reason assigned for murdering their When cabbages are given to milch cows, master was, his having made known his the decayed and musty leaves must be intention of selling a part of them, and taken off, or they will impart a bad taste removing with the balance to the county of Rockingham, his former residence. Several of the negroes sent to jail belonged to the neighbors; they had wives at Mr. Bowyer's which was the cause of their joining in the plot: but to be more than a hundred years of age, the man who procured the gun, and the at the council of the chiefs, head men one who used it, were his own slaves. They acknowledged his remarkable lenvened for the purpose of receiving the ity and indulgence towards them-hav-Talk of the President on the subject ing some days before given such as were of vacating their lands. After the com- for sale, notes to procure masters in the be turned to our State Elections in good ear- munication of the President's Talk, neighborhood: but, deluded wretches! nest. We respectfully notify our friends that (says the Savannah Mercury,) by the they supposed, by destroying him, they would not have to be separated from their families—and thus hurried into eternity a young man in the morning of

> REMARKABLE CASE.—A young woman, the daughter of a respectable farmer in Edinburgh, Saratoga County, in the State of New-York, while in a field of new mown hay, felt the sting of a large green grasshopper, as she then expressed it. Some time in the winter following, she discovered a tumor on the shoulder between the caracori and acromian process, attended with some pain and uneasiness. After about three weeks continuance, it disappeared from the shoulder, and she felt a pain along the course of the clavicle; and in May at the side of the neck, partly under the sterno clenia mastoicles muscle. Her physician treated for scrofula with apparent success, for it again disappeared, until July, when it was felt once more at the shoulder—the tumor—about the size of a hen's egg, and with evident fluctuation, when it was opened with a small discharge of unhealthy pus, and along with it a living grasshopper, two inches in length, and breadth proportionate.-The only conclusion is, that the egg must have been deposited the year before, and arrived to maturity by a process of incubation.—N. Y. Courier.

> The Talahassee Floridan of the 23d ult. says, the prospect of abundant crops was never greater. Rain and sunshine continue to succeed each other at intervals, and the rapidity and luxuriance of vegetation succeeds any thing before witnessed. We yesterday saw a stalk of corn measured, that exceeded sixteen feet in length. No complaint is heard among the planters but the prevalence of grass and weeds.—Cour.

> SMUGGLING.—The Editor of the Niagara Gleaner says that several seizures self defence."—Ib.

FROM HAVANA.

Captain Correja, of the brig Mary Jane, arrived at New-York, from Havana brings information that the expedition against Mexico sailed from that port on the 15th inst. consisting of one 74, two frigates, three corvettes, one brig, and 1 schr. of war, and seven transports, with about 4,500 troops. Six of the transports were American vessels, viz: the Robin Hood, Triton, Bingham, and Roger Williams, and brigs Chilian, and Cornerlia. These were chartered for two months. The fleet laid to off the More until the morning of the 6th, waiting for the Soberano, 74, Admiral Laborde's flag ship, which did not get out of the harbor until that time.

Havana papers to the 8th instant are wholly silent as to the destination and object of this expedition, and merely mention the fact of its having gone to

Private accounts state, that there had recently been numerous failures among the shop-keepers in Havana, which had thrown the place into confusion, and it was expected these disasters would be severely felt. Money was extremely scarce, and discounts 2 1-2 a 3 per cent. a month.

News of the death of the Queen of Spain, was received at Havana on the 8th, an order was issued prohibiting all public amusements for the space of three months.—Salem Guz.

TORNADO.—The city of New-York was visited on Sunday afternoon, July 12. between three and four o'clock, with a sudden and violent storm of wind, hail, rain, thunder and lightning. Much injury was done to the houses, shipping, trees, &c. Several coasters and boats were dismasted, upset and driven ashore and several ships and steam-boats at the wharves broke their fasts.—Sal. Gaz.

DIVISION OF SPOIL.—The Albany Daily Advertiser complains that the original friends of old Hickory, do not get all the offices, there being too many new converts in the way. The General should have, in his study, a scale of merit, by which to govern the distribution of his rewards. It should be graduated so as to exhibit the several periods of time, from the first to the eleventh hour of the contest; and the name of each applicant for office should be inserted at the point of time when he espoused the cause. The General might proportioning the reward of each indito be adopted.—N. E. Pal.

GREENFIELD, Mass. July 14. MURDER.—A melancholy and distressing murder was perpetrated in Ashfield, on Tuesday last, by a man named Alfred Elmer. He fancied himself commissioned from Heaven to kill three persons, and derived his warrant, as he says, from the 11th chapter of Revelation. His victims were a child about two years old, an only son of Mr. Timothy Catlin, which was killed on the spot, and an old gentleman, grandfather of the culprit, who was so severely wounded that there is no hope of his surviving. The child he killed because it was innocent. At the time of the deed, the mother of the child was milking; on being told that Elmer had gone into the house with a razor in his hand. she immediately returned to the house, and on entering the room, found the child dead in the cradle in which she had left it sleeping, having its throat cut in a shocking manner. The criminal, having committed this horrid deed, hast-ened to his grandfather whom he struck on the head with an axe, and would have repeated the blow but for the inhaving committed this horrid deed, hastterference of some females who were present. The old gentlemen is between 70 and S0 years of age. Since the commitment of the prisoner to the jail in this town, he observed, on being questioned, that he wished to say nothing about it. He is sorry that he has committed the deed, and states that he had sometimes had thoughts of committing suicide, but that he has none now, Stout 7 | 8 Bleached Shirtings, at 8 & 9 of a superior style and quality to any before of and had none when he killed the child. cts; Stout brown do. at 7 & 8; Stout fered in this town. The Leghorns are all The prisoner was undoubtedly insane. He waits his trial at the next term of the Supreme Court, to be held in Sep- 1s; dark figured Silks 30 cts; Scotch tember nent.-Guz. and Herald.

GRADUAL ABOLITION OF SLAVERY. -A number of the inhabitants of Augusta County, Virginia, have resolved 1s, 20 and 25 cts; Figd Jac't Muslins 2. to memoralize the Virginia Convention, 2s 3d and 2s 6d; with many other artiwhich is to be held in October next, in cles cheap, and probably cheaper than favor of the adoption of a constitutional is usually found, and all goods warranted provision for the gradual emancipation to give perfect satisfaction. A liberal of slaves in that State.—N. E. Pal.

MARRIED.

In this town, on the 19th inst. by Job Eastman, Esq. Mr. John Andrews to Miss Maria Gammon. In Wareham, Mass. George Starrett, Esq.

of Bangor, to Miss Martha Burgess.

STOCK OF GOODS

THE Subscriber wishing to close his business at Craigie's Mills, (Oxford,) offers his whole Stock of well terms to any persons who wish to purchase the same and give good security.



ALSO, his STORE to Let, which is a first rate Stand for any term of years.

And hereby gives notice to all indebted to him either by note or account over one years standing that unless they are of November next, they will be left with an attorney for collection.

WINTHROP B. NORTON. July 28, 1829.

ASA BARTON, Agent,

AS just received a small lot more Setts, which were so justly esteemed for beauty and cheapness. Also Glass, tea and Cup Plates, new style. Like-Wines, Gilt and Mahogony framed of twenty-five cents. Looking Glasses, &c. which will be sold very cheap.

As above, a few bushels of Good Corn, at four shillings the bushel. Norway Village, July 28.

HEBRON ACADEMY.

VIVHE Fall Term in Hebron Academy will commence on Wednesday the 12th day of August next. Youths of both sexes attending this school, may expect proper attention to their Instruction, Morals, and Comfort.

JOHN TRIPP, Sec'y. July 23, 1829.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

TAKES R. HUMPHREY will commence a LVA School for the instruction of Young Misses in the Solid and Ornamental bruches, on the first Monday in August next, in Norway Village. Terms of tuition from \$2,00 to \$2,50 per Quarter. July 21, 1829.

NORWAY, BETHEL, AND LANCASTER, N. H. MAIL STAGE.

then proceed "to reward his friends," | FIGHE subscribers having purchased the Norway, Bethel, and Lancasvidual to the length of time he had ser- ter, N. H. line of Stages, will keep conved in the Jackson ranks, so that all stantly provided with good horses and might have a crumb; or, if it should be carriages, and careful drivers; and rethought more expedient, he might com- spectfully solicil a share of the travelmence by rewarding his earliest adhe- ling patronage. The Stage will, on Strip'd Levantines; Fig'd Gros de Naples; rents, and proceed, through the list, in going to Lancaster, leave Norway every the order of time; in which case, all Tuesday at 2 o'clock, P. M. after the ton and Nankin Crapes; Bl'k Crape Dresses; the offices would be exhausted before arrival of the Mail Stage from Portland, he reached the eleventh-hour men. It and arrive at Bethel the same evening; is presumable that Gen. Jackson, as an leave Bethel, on Wednesday at 4 o'clock honest man, intended to redeem his A. M. and arrive at Lancaster the same pledge, to reward his friends; and it is day at 4 o'clock P. M. Returning will equally plain that some just, equal, and leave Lancaster on Thursday at 4 o'clock uniform principle of destribution ought and arrive at Bethel on the evening of Fig'd Swiss Muslins; Plain & to be adopted -N F Pal the same day; leave Bethel on Friday the same day; leave Bethel on Friday onet Muslins; Valentia, Raw Silk, Crape, at 4 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Nor- Brocade and Merino Shawls; Raw Silk and way in season for passengers to take the

Portland Stage.

At Lancaster, N. H. this line connects with Southern, Western, and Northern Stages, which leave that place on Thursday morning of each week. At Bethel it connects with the Waterford and Augusta line. The whole route from Portland to Lancaster is performed in two days going, and two days on the return. Whole fare from Portland to Lancaster, FIVE DOLLARS.

A. BENNETT, PROPRIETORS. E. CROSS. July 4, 1829.

THE PLACE FOR 'Good Bargains!' At No. 1.

MITCHELL'S BUILDINGS,

among which are,

Pongees, Crapes; blk Lace Veils; Merino, Crape, Raw Silk, Brocade, Valentia Shawls; splendid assortment of fancy Hdk'fs; Bonnet and Cap Ribbons, new style; Bonnet Cambrics; Bobbinnet and Cotton Laces; Gloves and Mitts; Hair Combs, Cambrics and Muslins, &c.

Sheetings 8 & 9; Copperplates patch cols 1s; super Calicoes, 12 1-2 cts and Ginghams 7 | 8 wide 25 cents; belt Ribbons 8, 10, 12 1-2, & 1s; Thibet Hdkls. 2s 3d: Dimotys 1s; white cotton Hose discount made to those who become customers and purchase with cash, and such will find it an object to call.—Good white and blue mixt woolen Yarn taken in exchange, at fair prices.

WILLIAM D. LITTLE. Portland, July 3, 1829. 3m 2

TOTICE is hereby given that the several Committees appointed by the Court of FOR SALE & STORE TO LET. Sessions, for the County of Oxford, at their Oxford......SS. October term 1828, and June term 1829, to PAKEN on execution and will be alter and lay out sundry roads as hereafter mentioned, will meet for those purposes as follows, viz: At Levi Ludden's, in Peru, on Store of Otis Hayford, Esq. in Canton, selected Goods, on very reasonable Monday the tenth day of August, 1829, to on Wednesday the twelfth day of August alter and locate a road in Peru, Canton and Livermore, towards Wayne, as prayed for by Silas Rarnard and others. At the house of I. Adams Twitchell, in Bothel, on Tuesday the first day of September, 1829, to locate a road from nigh said Twitchell's, through Al- late, situated in Canton, in said County bany to Waterford flat, as prayed for by of Oxford, viz: being the Farm now John Lovejoy and others. At the house of occupied by said James Brown, convey-John Manuel, in Township lettered B. (alias Hounsfield) on Tuesday the twenty third day of September, 1829, to make alterations in the present county roads in said Hounsfield, as prayed for by Bartholemew Hounsfield, said County of Oxford, book eighteenth, paid or good security given by the first the proprietor, or Charles Vaughan, his Agent. EZRA SMITH,

Chairman of said Committee. July 9, 1829.

US'l' Published and for sale at the Oaford Bookstore, by the subscriber,

SERMONS ON WAR.

by Rev. Thomas T. STONE, lately Pastor o the Congregational Church, in Andover .of those China and Earthern Tea These Sermons contain no sectarian sentiments but are calculated to show that wars peacable principles of Christianity. The wise Glass Dishes, Lamps, Tumblers, and contains six Sermons, at the low price

ASA BARTON, Agent. July 13.

A YOUNG WOMAN.

S wanted immediately, to do the house work in a small family, for a Lady in Portland, to whom good wages will be given. For particulars inquire of

ASA BARTON, General Agent. Norway July 13.

MERINO BOMBAZINES. LEGANT 6-4 black Merino Bombazines of a superior quality.

Also-black and mixed Lastings; brown and white Drillings, Jeans, Grandurills, &c. Just received and for sale low by THOMAS O. BRADLEY,

No. 6, Mussey's Row. Portland, May 26.

G. C. LYFORD, OULD inform his triends and custom-ers that he has recently received a large supply of

STAPLE AND FANCY ARTICLES,

which he is selling as low as any one in town -For proof of which call and see.

He has on hand a good assortment of BROADCLOTHS & CASSIMERES.

Flannels; Lastings; Denmark Satins; Cassinetts; Cotton Cassimeres; Derries; Irish Linens; Long Lawns; Linen Damask; Linen Cambrics; Black Synshaws; Lustrings, Levantines; Col'd Sarsnetts; Stripe Silks; Black & Col'd Satin Levantines; Bl'k Can-Italian Crapes; Press'd Crapes; Fancy Silk, Scarfs; Bonnet, Cap and Belt Ribbons; Berkley & Wellington Cravats: Battiste and Muslin Cravats; Flag Silk & Bandanna Hkfs; Cotton Flag Handkerchiefs; Strip'd Corded, Check'd & Shaded Cambrics; Muslin Dress-Cashmere Mantles; 3-4 and 5-4 London Bl'k Bombazines; 5-4 Bl'k Merino Bombazines; English and Scotch Ginghams; White Cambrics and Cambric Muslins; Mull Muslins; Dimities; Brown, Plaided and Striped Battistes.

Brown Bonnet Cambrics; Slate and Blik Cambrics; Copperplates and Calicoes; Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery; Cotton and Worsted Socks; Cotton, Worsted, Silk, and Velvet Vestings; Cotton and Silk Umbrellas! fine assortment Parasols; Common and Paris Kid Gloves; Ladies and Gentlemens' Super. Horse Skin Gloves; Bl'k and White Silk Gloves; Gentlemens' Beaver and Buck Gloves; Thread and Bobbinett Laces and Edgings; Mecklen Laces; Bl'k and White Bobbinett Laces for Veils; Bl'k and White Rich Lace Veils; White and Green Gauze Veils; Paper, Bonestick and Feather Fans; Blue and Strip'd Jeans; Silk Braids and Cords; Sewing Silks; Twist; Buckram;-Padding; Brown Linen; Buttons; Boxes Cotton Balls; Cotton and Linin Floss; Plaid Table Cloths; Spool Cotton; Wire Cotton

-ALSO-A general Assortment of American

Blk and col'd Lustrings; Plaid Silks; such as Brown and Bleached Sheetings and Shirtings; Tickings; Checks; Ginghams; Warp Yarns. LIKEWISE,

Just opened, 1 Case containing 70 Ladie's LEGHORN, BOLIVAR

fine but very cheap, at 5, 6, 7, 8, & 10 dollars. A few Black Leghorn Bonnets from 1,25 to \$2,00 each. Portland, June 15, 1829. 6wis 51

Baskets.

FANCY, travelling and Work Baskets, comprising a larger assortment than ever before offered. Just received and for sale cheap, at No. 6, Mussey's Row, Middle-st, by T. O. BRADLEY. Portland, May 22.

German, Scotch, and Irish Linens. and 5.4 Scotch and Irish Sheetings and Shirtings; Long Lawns; Brown and White Russia Sheetings and Diapers; and a great variety of Linen Goods, just received and for sale cheap by T. O. BRADLEY, No. 6, Mussey's Row.

Portland, May 26.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

sold at Public Auction, at the next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, all the Right in Equity of Redemption, which James Brown, has in and to the following described mortgaged Real Esed to him by deed from Aaron Brown, dated August 15th, A. D. 1820, and recorded in the Registry of deeds for pages forty-three and forty-four, containing by estimation two hundred acres -the same being subject to Aaron Brown's mortgage to Oliver Otis, dated the Registry of deeds for said County, book twentieth, pages one hundred fifty-three and one hundred fifty-four, to secure the payment of two hundred and with great prostration of strength and a dissixty-six dollars fifty-seven cents and and fightings are contrary to the pure and interest. Reference to said Registry being had for a more full description.

GAD HAYFORD, Dep'y. Sheriff. July 3, 1829.

The following STANDARD MEDICINES have ever proved a safe, economical and efficacious cure for some of the most dangerous diseases :--

solely designed. They purify the Blood, quicken its circulation, assist the suspended operations of nature by removing those dangerous and critical obstructions to which the healthy as well as valetudinarian are subjected, and are a general remedy for the prevailing ficacious in the Green Sickness, Palpitation of the Heart, Giddiness, Short Breath, Sinking of the Spirits, Dejec-Society. Married ladies will find the Pills equally useful, except in cases of pregnancy, when they must not be taken; neither must they be taken by persons teric or Vaporish disorders. In all cases of this description, the Pills purify, invigorate, and revive the disordered system. Price \$1,50 a box.

DYSPEPSIA, OR INDIGESTION.

F long standing, and of the most obstinate character mediately relieved, and often permanently cured, in a variety of cases that Gauze and Barage li'dkfs; Silk and Gauze have occurred in Boston and vicinity, by using for a short time

DR. RELFE'S VEGETABLE SPECIF-IC AND ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

both of which are to be taken together, according to valuable, plain and practical directions, accompanying the Specific.

_ The above valuable medicines are prepared from the original Recipe in MS. of the late Dr. W. T. CONWAY, by his immediate Successor and the sole Proprietor, T. Kin-DER, and sold wholesale by him at his counting room, over No. 97, (formerly called No. 70,) Court street, head of Hanover street, near Concert Hall, Boston, and retailed by his special appointment, (together with all the valuable Medicines as prepared by the late Dr. Conway,) by ASA BARTON,

Observe that none are genuine without the written signature of T. Kidder, on the outside printed wrapper.

KA large discount made to those who buy to sell again. ---- June 2.

FRENCH ANGOLA. FEW pieces of this beautiful article for A gentlemen's Summer wear, just received and for sale at No. 6, Mussey's Row, by

THOS. O. BRADLEY.

Portland, May 26. CURE FOR

INTEMPERANCE

HE effect of this medicine is such as to create a disgust for spirits, and at the same time to restore the health, purify the blood, and leave the stomach in such a state, Price Fifity cents and one dollar per box or sex. that food sets easy and the patient finds himself in a healthy condition. Until lately all the skill of Physicians have proved unavailing to cure this disorder. This medicine, that are wanted, and one year's experience | Electuary is a certain remedy for Bowel has proved its benificial effects in numerous nstances.

The Medicine can be forwarded by mail, and is accompanied with directions, so that a person may administer it to himself, without the knowledge of another. Orders received by the subscriber, who is the only Agent for its sale in the State.

ASA BARTON. Norway, June 1, 1829.

Charles Lord.

I AS just received an extensive assort-ment of WATCHES, JEWELRY, PLA-TED and BRITANIA WARES and FANCY

COMBS. SHELL

line, likewise large

GOODS of every description in the Jewelry

A handsome lot of SIDE do. of all sizes, which will be sold low .- Middle-Street. Portland. second door from Casco Bank. 51 June 17,

AT COST.

Vegetable Pulmonary

BALSAM:

For sale Wholesale and Retail by

ASA BARTON.

The most valuable remedy discovered for Consumptions, Asthma, Pleurisy, Spitting of Blood, Hooping Coughs, and Pulmonary Affections of every kind.

T is impossible to present the public with all the evidence which the proprietors possess in favor of the highly salutary operation of this BALSAM, as certificates of its happy effect are continually received. A few however will be given for the satisfaction of those who may be troubled with the complaints for which this balsam is offered as a remedy.

NEW CERTIFICATES. CERTIFICATE OF GEN. BLANCHARD.

I was about the 1st of May 1828, troubled with the following distressing symptoms: Faintness, pain through the back and left side, tightness across the chest, difficulty of May 16th, A. D. 1816, and recorded in breathing, tickling in the throat with a sense of suffocation, night sweats, loss of appetite debility, swelling of the feet and ancles, raising of mucus, with severe fits of coughing, more particularly morning and exening, position to be bolstered up when in bedabout the 20th of August I was reduced so low that my friends gave me up as incurable; about this time I heard of the Vegetable Pulmonary BALSAM, and after much solicitation, was induced to make a trial-(as all other remedies had failed,) and was surprised at the sudden relief it gave me. I continued taking the balsam until my health was restored; and do most cheerfully recommend it to all those who may be troubled with consump. HIS Medicine has for a long time tive complaints. About the 10th of Feb. last been an established favorite with I took a violent cold which brought on simithat class of society for which it was lar symptoms as above described. I immediately procured a bottle of the Balsam and found relief in a few days, which to me, is a very strong proof that it was the balsam that relieved me in the first instance.

REUBEN BLANCHARD. Peacham, March 4, 1829.

Certificate of Ashley Martin. This certifies that my wife having from complaints among the female part of youth up been troubled with the Asthma, society. The Pills are particularly ef- such as is termed hereditary Asthma, was reduced so low that for the last ten years she has at times been considered beyond recovery, having a severe pain in her side, through her back and shoulders, with pain and striction and Disinclination to Exercise and ture across the chest, loss of appetite, severe cough, with a suffocating sensation, on lying down, being compelled to be bolstered up during the night, with great prostration of strength; after all remedies had failed she. was advised to make use of the Vegetable of hectic or consumptive habits. They Pulmonary Balsam, and was entirely relieved may be used successfully by either Men by the use of two Bottles; her complaints or Women in all Hypochondriac, Hys- were entirely removed, her appetite returned and she now enjoys better health than she has for ten years past.

ASHLEY MARTIN. Peacham, January 17, 1828.

An eminent physician of New Hampshire writes-'I am satisfied the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam is a valuable medicine. It has lately been used with complete success in a severe lung complaint, attended with the raising of much blood, which has resisted ev-

ery other prescription. The wife of a Clergyman of Boston, was considered past recovering from a disease of the lungs, in the spring of 1328; whose restoration to health was ascribed, both by her physician and her husband, to the use of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.

A child of Boston, aged 5 years, was attacked with the hooping cough early in the spring of 1828, and notwithstanding several remedies were prescribed for her relief, continued to suffer from violent paroxisms of coughing until Feb. 1829, when she was effectually relieved by four doses of the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam.

An Agent from Maine writes as follows:the sale of the Pulmonary Balsam increases, and I am happy to say that in very many instances in which I have heard from it, it gives goods satisfaction, and I think is really good article, and from this circumstance, and that of its moderate price, a good sale may be expected.' Dated Feb 21, 1829.

An Agent in New Hampshire states that the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam, is highly approved and recommended by their Physi-

Many other certificates, from sources of the first respectability, may be examined on the bill of directions. Price 50 cents a comly 47

CTO DEALERS AND FAMILIES in the United States.

The following Vegetable Preparations are recommended as INVALUABLE MEDICINES

FOR FAMILIES.

PATTEN'S PILE ELECTUARY AND OINTMENT.

THE established reputation of this medicine, for the cure of piles, when all other remedies have failed to affect however, appears to possess all the qualities it, is sufficient commendation. The complaints. ANDERSON'S

HXH=UUATHR.

THIS wash for sore, weak or inflamed eyes, is acknowledged to possess more healing qualities than any other for sale; and is soothing to that tender organ the

For sale by Asa Barton, Agent. Orders directed to LEADER DAM, Boston, for any of the above Medicines punctually attended to. July 21. 4

BROWN COTE PALY. CASE, 500 yds, just received from New York, and for sale by

T. O. BRADLEY. Portland, June 23. Ps. CARPETINGS at reduced prices
THOS. O. READLEST

Portland, June 23. WANTED,

TO LEGHORN HATS, by T. O. BRAD. TWO Tons of Good HAY. Enquire at this LEY. Portland June 22

POETRY.

From the New-York Mirror.

BALLAD. The maiden sat at her busy wheel, Her heart was light and free. And ever in cheerful song broke forth Her bosom's harmless glee. Her song was in mockery of love, And oft I heard her say, "The gathered rose and the stolen heart Can charm but for a day."

I looked on the maiden's rosy cheek And her lip so full and bright, And sighed to think that the traitor love Should conquer a heart so light; But she thought not of future days of wo, While she carolled in tones so gay, "The gathered rose and stolen heart Can charm out for a day."

A year passed on and again I stood By the humble cottage door; The maiden sat at the busy wheel. But her heart was blithe no more; The big tear stood in her down cast eye, And with sighs I heard her say. "The gathered rose and stolen heart Can charm but for a day."

Oh! well I knew what had dimmed her eye, And made her cheek so pale— The maid had forgotten her early song, While she hastened to love's soft tale. She had tasted the sweets of its poisoned cup It had wasted her life away, And the stolen heart like the gathered rose Had charmed but for a day.

THE MAID OF THE BERYL. BY MRS. HOFLAND.

One bright evening in September, 1587 the sun shone cheeringly on many a gay boat and fancy formed vessel. sporting on the silver bosom of the Thames, between the regal palace of Greenwich and the city of London; but one boat shot forward before all the rest as if impelled by bolder hands or more the admiration of all eyes as he glided along, and many a low obeisance, or friendly recognition was returned by him with an air of lofty courtesy, or kindly frankness, which displayed his character and his feelings. He was a very young man, with a handsome in. genuous countenance, expressive of joyous confidence and conscious power. His eyes were dark and lustrous, his forehead high and polished, his mouth small, but systemmatically formed. His beard at this period was light and curling, contrasting with his hair, which was of a dark brown. His figure, tall and elegant in its proportions, was attired in the height of the reigning mode, which was alike splendid and becoming. He wore a white satin doublet, embroidered in stripes of the same color, intermingled with costly pearls: the sleeves were extremely large about the shoulders, and an answering appearance of fulness was given about the hips, in the lower part of his clothing, which was in texture and ornament the same as the upper, and from the middle of the thigh to the ancle, fitted closely, and displayed his finely-proportioned limbs to great advantage. White shoes, with large roses, and a small crimsom velvet cap, with three drooping white feathers, placed on one side of his head, completed his clothing. His hands were embellished by rings; the left was covered by an embroideted glove, the right was employed in caressing a greybound, so beautiful as to divide attention with his master, who lay in a reclining position on a crimson cloak of Genoa velvet. under an awning of blue damask. Six rovers, in gay liveries, completed the spectacle presented by this gallent nobleman to the floating world around him.

By degress all were left behind him: but as the shadows of evening deepened his attention was drawn to one small bark which had lately followed in his wake. It was rowed by a young boy of foreign aspect, and contained only one other person, who was so entirely enveloped in a large garment of dusky hue, that the sex of the wearer could not be den matters I know nothing, but that known. It appeared to the man of rank this young creature has rare talents and that these were gipsies, a race much proscribed at that time, and he apprehended that they sought protection from the watermen, amongst whom they were threading their way with great skill, by keeping in his vicinity. His attendants pleasure barge.

To sieze the floating vestment with a was effected. strong and agile hand, and to rescue the

and beautiful, and of singular appear- that at length the earl recollected that ance.

or wrapper; but this being now drop- power. ped, she appeared dressed in a caftan becomingly intermingled with her own hands. dark braided hair. Her neck was enlarge, dark eyes, seemed to throw a secrets of futurity. lustre on her countenance, and to produce an impression of beauty new even to one wont to distinguish and to admire it. The melody of her low and trembling voice, her solicitude to regain the haick that would shroud her beauties, and her desire to be left alone with the boy, whom she called her brother, proved the retirement of her habits, and the modesty of her nature, and added to the curiosity which her appearance was calculated to excite. As pity for her distressing situation superceded even his desire to see more of her, the young nobleman hastened to engage the bearer of the flambeau to see her safely home. Re-assured by his unobtrusive affability, and the prospect of being suffered to depart, she ventured to express her gratitude warmly, and even eloquently, though in somewhat imperfect language and had once half drawn a ring from her finger, and was on the point of beseeching him to wear it in memory of his own good deed, when she suddenly replaced it saying, "No, if I read the stars aright, rings are to you unfortunate whether given or received."

So then, said he internally, this girl is a gipsy fortune teller after all! and half ashamed of his adventure, he jumped hastily into the boat, and, by ordering it the Essex House, informed the few huoyant spirits. The owner attracted by-standers that they had enjoyed the good fortune of beholding the young earl of that title, who had lately been introduced at court by the all-powerful Earl of Leicester, and on whom the queen had already bestowed marks of her distinguished approbation.

> Eager as the African girl had hitherto been to depart, yet she now lingered, as if to catch the last sound of his oars, & ascertain the painful truth that he was indeed removed beyond observation.-From this eventful night, the lovely stranger received an impression dangerous to all her sex, but to her decidedly unhappy, since it communicated hopeless and intense interest in one so completely divided from her by superior station, country and faith.

> Yet she was not forgotten. Many a time did the bright eyes of the admired and flattered Essex dart through the dense crouds that passed near him, as he slowly rode towards the palace, or walked from his garden in the Strand to take the water, in hope of beholding her again. Constantly disappointed, he at length questioned Sir Horatio Pallavicial on the subject, as being a person likely to be acquainted with all resident foreigners. He was an Italian merchant of great repute, in the queen's service, residing in Lellesworth, a part of the Bishop of London's fields, towards which the stranger had directed her steps.

"Your lordship must inquire after Arsinoe of Abra, the Maid of the Beryl; yet surely one so favored by fortune has no temptation to task her skill?"

"You do not mean to say that one so young as this Arsinoe practices witchcraft, or pretends to the learning of an astrologer?"

"No, she is distinct from both, and equally so from the tribe of dissolute & idle vagabonds which have lately infested this country. Arsinoe is highly, even royally, descended, and from her ancestors inherits a knowledge in occult science, distinct from that of the wizard, termed sorcery or magic, and which professes to receive uid from good spirits alone. Of these curious and forbidgreat virtues also I can testify; she was lany an excellent daughter to the parents she has lost, is of a noble nature, and en-

dowed with equal modesty and dignity." A sudden call to attend the Earl of Leceister to Holland, where, at the bathad the same conception of the case, the of Zutbhen, the favorite gave signal taught all the modern practice which is without the same will to befriend the proofs of his valor, and witnessed the deemed necessary, in addition to the despised foreigners; and when, on ar- death of the brave Sir Philip Sidney, Botanical; and in consequence of his riving near the Temple Stairs, the poor suspended his inquiries after Arsinoe, but boy tried to land, in the spirit of mali- when he returned a knight banneret, a systematic course of studies, combicious sport, they so manœuvred their and was received with more than usual own vessel, that the principle occupant honors by the queen, his desire to see acquire a knowledge of both in a short ers. of the boat was thrown by a violent jerk the eastern maid, not only for herself, space of time, and at a very small exinto the water, in the direction of the but for her art, revived, and by the aseistance of Sir Horatio the interview Medical Institutions.

The visit was made with that secres slight form which it enfolded, was the which belongs to mysterious and forbid- have the benefit of Clinical practice, by work of a moment with our favorite of den things. Under the sole guidance of which the experimental part of medinature and fortune; and as his loud re- Akra el Abra, the brother of Arsinoe, cine will be acquired with the Theory. proof showed the necessity of repara- and wrapped in a large cloak, the Earl tion to his followers, all were soon pla- set out at midnight, unknown to his students is, that all those who conform ced in safety on the steps. It now ap- household, and reached in due time a to the rules and regulations of the school, peared that the person still trembling in retired house, situated among the dilap- and there finish their education will have the preserver's arms, was a woman; and idated buildings, and exhibiting in its employment, with a generous compenthe approach of a flambeau, in the hand appearance much that might excite sus- sation, secured them by the institution,

he had been too successful not to have complete a course of study; but when eral, she had been covered with a haick he might be throwing himself into their examination he will receive a Diploma,

or jacket, richly embroidered, draw- his sword, the guide stopped, and desir- enable to practice in every State in the ers and petticoat of white camblet, and ed him to place that weapon, together Union without molestation. Some will a head dress of gauze handkerchiefs, with his cloak, cap and shoes, in his require one year, others two years, to

Essex hesitated, but being always more circled by links of gold. She had brace | valiant than prudent, in another moment lets and armlets of the same precious he complied with the request. The metal, enriched with emeralds-but door of a room evidently devoted to the these articles of value, however unex- pursuits of Arsinoe, was then unlocked, pected, were forgotten the moment she and he entered a place well calculated began to speak; for her coral lips and to make a strong impression on the mind pearly teeth, aiding the effect of her of a young and ardent inquirer late the

(Conclusion next week.)

THE NEW-YORK MEDICAL Academy.

The happy effects of the Botanica System of Practice, more especially o late employed in the cure of diseases. are such as entitle it to a high rank among modern improvements. The opinion long entertained in its favor, by many of the judicious, a thorough exnerience has now demonstrated to be well founded; and with the number and variety of its salutary achievements its reputation is increasing.

It must be evident to every discerning mind, that the present prevailing practice of medicine, which rejects this botanical aid, is at variance with our nature and our happiness. Mercury, the Lancet, and the Knife, are chiefly relied upon, by physicians and surgeons of the present day, for the removal of almost all the diseases incident to the human body, notwithstanding the effects of these deleterious agents, are evidently, fatal to multitudes. Deeply impressed with these facts and with a view of reforming the science and practice of medicine, an individual of this city in the New York, May 11, 1829. year 1827, procured a lot of ground and erected a handsome and convenient edi fice, for an institution denominated the United States Infirmary, expressly for employing a reformed system of practice in the treatment of diseases; the remodial sources being chiefly derived from the productions of our own country. The course of treatment adopted by this institution was principally the result of near forty years experience of a distinguished medical reformer; which course we are happy to state, has been crowned with signal success, and proved to'a demonstation, that without Mercury that boasted champion of the MATERIA MEDICA, or other poisonous drugs, diseases generally may be cured by those

around us. Animated by the past success, and with the hope of benefitting future generations an irrepressible desire has been felt, that measures commensurate with the importance of the object should be taken, to promulgate this valuable system of practice, and thereby improve and reform the noble and important

more safe and salutary means which the

God of Nature has so liberally scattered

science of medicine. After reflecting for years upon the most prudent and successful method of effecting so desirable an object, it has has acquired affords ample and conclusive been deemed expedient to establish a MEDICAL SCHOOL, with competent teachers, where students may receive board and metraction until they are fully imalified to practice in the various branches of the healing art upon the reformed system. We are now happy to announce, that a building for such an institution has been erected and opened for the reception of students, who can commence at any period.

The building is large and commodious, situated in Eldridge-street, between Grand and Broome, and adjoining the present U.S. Infirmary. It is in a healthy and retired part of the city, and has been completed at a great expense. The following branches will be taught:

1. Anatomy. 2. Surgery.

3. Theory and practice of Physic. 4. Midwifery, and diseases of Women

and Children. 5. Mateira Medica and Practical Bo-

6. Chemistry and Pharmacy.

The benefits to be derived, by an attendance at this institution, will, we trust, be duly appreciated by those who wish to acquire a correct knowledge of the healing art. Here the student will be residing in the Institution, and pursuing pense, in comparison to that of other

There being an Infirmary connected with the Academy, the students will

Another advantage held out to the of a man who was lighting a party to picion. After opening the outer door, to disseminate the practice of medicine by their boat, showed that she was young his guide proceeded up so many stairs, in different sections of the country,

There will be no specified time to Like the inhabitants of Africa in gen- made enemies, and it was possible that ever the student is qualified to pass an and this Diploma will have a decided Just as he was instinctively grasping advantage over every other, as it will complete their studies.

> For the information of some we wish to state that this system of practice is essentially different from that disseminated by Dr. Thompson.

REQUISITIONS.

The qualifications for admission into the School will be :-

1. A certification of a good moral character. 2. A good Euglish Education. TERMS.

1. When this circular was first issued he price of Tuition alone was rated at \$250, board being an extra charge.-But we have concluded in order to place it within the power of almost every person to obtain this practice, to furnish Board and Tuition both, for that sum, (\$250) provided it be paid upon entering the school, as it is now particularly needed to assist in defraying the expen-

ses of the building, &c. 2. Young men who wish to avail themselves of the benefits of the school who are not at present favored with the means, and who will bring a certificate to that effect from a minister, justice of the peace, or a few of his neighbors in the place where he resided, will receive his board and tuition, gratuitously. It must be expressly understood, however, that all incidental expenses must be paid, which will be, including a Diploma, THIRTY DOLLARS, and which must be paid in advance. His age must not be under 19 or 20 years.

3. It will be expected that every student will provide himself with bed and Consisting of every description of

the welfare of their fellow beings, and Raw Silk Shawls and Mantles, Canton to avail themselves of the benefits of Veils; Gloves; Hosiery, &c. &c. the Institution, who are in indigent circumstances. To those who remit a sum however small, a certificate for the amount will be sent, entitling them to receive medicine and attendance, either at the Institution, or from any who may hereafter receive instruction from it.

BROADCLOTHS-VERY CHEAP. Ps. Black, Blue, and from 1,25 to 12,50 per yard, and at Ps. Black, Blue, and Fancy colors, least 25 per cent cheaper than ever before THOMAS O. BRADLEY.

ALSO AS ABOVE: 3 1-2 pairs Patent Pistols,

2 Percussion Fowling Pieces, 1 Elegant Sword,

4 or 5 Elegant Looking-Glasses, Purchased at Auction and will be sold very Portland, June 23.

CELEBRATED ITCH & SALT KHEUPA Ointment.

REPARED by Joel Miller. The great and merited reputation this continent and merited reputation this ointment proof of its being a cheap and efficacious cure for the Itch and Salt Rheum, and for many other eruptions of the skin, and may be used with safety by the most delicate constitutions for sale by John F. Reeves, Druggist, Exchange-street, Portland, sole agent for the N. E. States, where Druggists and others are solicited to call or send their orders to his ad dress either for cash, credit or on commission. Tho above ointment is kept by Druggists in all the pricipal towns. For sale at the Oxord Book store, by Asa Barton, Agent.

Norway, Feb.9.

JOHNSON'S AMERICAN

Anodyne Linament.

or, LIQUID OPODELDOC.

SUPERIOR in strength and medical vir- CARTOONS "Lupin's best" scarlet, blk. tues to any of the kind ever offered to and white long and square Merino the public. It is used with the most happy SHAWLS, with worsted borders. effects for Rheumatism, for strains, bruises and swellings; for asthma, for hard, dry, for pains and soreness in the stomach and cheap by

sides; for pains and itching in the ears, &c. It is a certain cure for sore lips, toothache

and CHILBLAINS. * In consequence of the unprecedented demand for this Opodeldoc the price has been reduced to 37 1-2 cents each.

Sold wholesale and retail by ASA BARTON, Agent for the Proprietor. -ALSO-

By the Proprietor at Sullivan-Glazier, & Co. Hallowell-George Coe, Portland-S. Farnsworth, Esq. Bridg on-Charles Lowell Ellsworth—and most of the Apothecaries and Grocers in various parts of Maine and Massa-

A liberal discount made to wholesale dealeoptf 38

Norway, Jan. 22. FROM THE PHILADELPHIA SOUVENIR.

H. WHITMAN.

& Whitman,) No. 6, Merchant's Row, keps constantly on hand, assorted crates for cheap, by country trade. Former customers of L. & W. are requested to call. Portland, June 17, 1829.

ELEGANT PARASOLS—Cheap.

Portland, June 30.

IMPROVEMENT IN MECHANISM & MANUFACTURES.

TT is of the utmost importance, to all who are now concerned, or about to be interested in Manufacturing to look well to the labor-saving improvements, which are made and are making in this scientific and enligh-

"A small saying for a series of years, will

amount to a handsome interest." The subscriber keeps constantly on hand and offers for sale, his improved

CARDING AND PICKING MACHINES. For Merino and Native Wool, on more liberal terms than can be had in New England. ALSO, the best

CARDS,

For Cotton and Wool MACHINERY. Said Machines are less expensive, perform more and better work, occupy less room, and are tended and kept in repair easier, and require less water power, than any other now in use. A credit will be given when it may be requested, so liberal, that the machine may earn the money it costs, before paymen is required.

A line addressed to WARREN P. WING, Post Master, Greenwich Village, Mass. will be duly attended to-or the subscriber, who is agent for the inventor, of whom all information with respect to price erms, &c. may be obtained.

ASA BARTON. Norway, Dec. 11, 1828.

FRENCH AND INDIA SILKS.

FINEN CASES-containing Gro de Santes, Gro de Naps, Gro de Burlins, super In, dia Satins, Levantines, Synchaws, Sarsnetsdonble, &c. all colors, just received and for sale low by T. O. BRADLEY. May 26.

No. 6, Mussey's Row. HIBNBY POOR

AS just received for the Spring and Summer trade.

40 BALES & CASES,

THE COUNTY-All persons who feel interested in Such as Merino, Brocade, Valencia and

wish to have the Mercurial practice de- and Nankin Crapes; Italian do.; Gauze stroyed, and a better system substituted, | Veils and Hkfs; Fig'd and Plain, Mull; will manifest their good wishes by re- | Swiss and Jacknett Muslins; Fancy hkfs, mitting something to defray the expen- Great Lot of Calicoes from 10 cts to 33 ses of those young men who may wish the yard; Black Double Lace and Lace

50 Pieces Broadcoths.

all shades, - CHEAP. ____ ALSO-One Case (100) Superior LEGHORN BONNETS,

FROM 5 TO 9 DOLLARS, on close examination-from 3 to 4 dollars less than last year, particularly fine &

ALSO Bales Sheetings, Shirtings, Ticks, Derrys, Jeans, Stripes, Drills, Cassinetts, etc. etc. for sale by

HENRY POOR.

N. B. As usual, a good assortment of FEATHERS, in first rate order. Portland, May, 1829. 10wep46

NEW GINGHAMS, NEW PRINTS,

drc. drc. 150 PIECES English and starch Ging-hams, very handsome and very

500 Pieces British and Domestic Prints, and great variety of other New Goods, cheap, This day received and for sale by

THOMAS O. BRADLEY. Portland, May 19.

CPLOUGHS! PLOUGHS! B. CROSS & CO.

Nos. 4, 5, and 6, Union Street, would solicit the attention of Farmers to Freeborn's "New-York improved patent Ploughs." J. B C. & Co. are authorized by the inventor, to warrant them to perform in all kinds of soil, and to be perfectly strong, and will be sold for a less price than any other similar ploughs. Farmers who intend purchasing this article for the next season, will find it economy to try Freeborn's

Portland, Dec. 30. 1136 MERINO SHAWLS.

-ALSO-Elegant white 4-4 and 6 4 Thibit Shawls, a

spasmodic coughs, and for hooping cough: beautiful article. Just received and for sale T. O. BRADLEY, No. 6, Mussey's Row.

Portland, May 26. MORE NEW GOODS

JUST received Packages of BRIT-ISH AND DOMESTIC Mirce Goods.

Which will be sold at much lower prices than usual.—Purchasers will do well to look at this lot—as they contain some

very fine Bargains. No. 7, Mussey's Row, Middle-street, Portland.

JOHN DOW. June 25.

1 6 1 VELVET CLOTHS.

FEW pieces elegant black and blue A Velvet Cloths, of a very superior quality. T the store formerly occupied by Leach | Also, Elegant Olives and Browns, of every variety of shade, just received and for sale T. O. BRADLEY. No. 6. Mussey's Row.

Portland, May 22.

CTSTOCKS.40

Dozen blk. and Bronze Kid-Plain Paraeols, this day received from LU Hair filled Silk, Navarino watered Philadelphia, for sale very cheap &c. all colors, with Ribbons, Knots and Bows THOMAS O. BRADLEY. just received and for sale cheap, by THOMAS O. BRADLEY.